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## TapeTool [↻](#)

TapeTool (aka tapetool2) is a command line utility for converting and repairing Microbee, TRS-80 and Sorcerer audio tape recordings.

TapeTool2 might also be useful for other retro tape recordings - especially those that are similar to the [Kansas City standard](#) but hasn't been tested in these cases.

This is the second version of this program. Version 2 is a complete re-write and the command line arguments aren't compatible with version 1. The original version can still be [found here](#).

Version 2 improves over version 1 in the following ways:

- Simpler, easier to understand "filter" model
- Support for single bit audio files
- Various audio filters (eg: Low-pass, high-pass and band-pass filters)

## Supported Platforms

TapeTool2 is written in C# and runs on Windows natively (assuming you have .NET installed) and will work on OS X and Linux if Mono is installed.

When using Mono, you need to invoke tapetool2 via mono. eg:

```
> mono tapetool2.exe --help
```

(or, you could write a simple shell script to invoke it)

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## Basic Usage

Tape tool processes audio, binary and other data through a series of filters - starting with a file reader and typically ending with a file writer. Filenames and filters are specified on the command line and are processed in a left to right manner.

For certain known file extensions, the appropriate reader or writer filter is automatically created. For the first file on the command line a file reader is used, for all subsequent file names a file writer is used.

In between file reader and writers you can place filters which perform various manipulations on the data passed to them.

Take the following command line as an example:

```
> tapetool2 robotf.wav smooth robotf_smoothed.wav
```

In this example a wave file reader will be used to read the file `robotf.wav`. The wave data will then be fed to a smooth filter which smoothes the audio signal before passing it to the wave writer filter that writes the smoothed audio data to the file `robotf_smoothed.wav`.

To get a full list of available filters, use `--help` (or see bottom of this page).

```
> tapetool2 --help
```

## Filter Options

Most filters have options which can be set using command line switches after the filter. For example the smooth filter has a `period` setting which determines the smoothing period. eg:

```
> tapetool2 robotf.wav smooth --period:10 robotf_smoothed.wav
```

To determine the available options for a filter, use `--help` after the filter name. eg:

```
> tapetool2 smooth --help
```

will show:

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Input Kind: audio stream

Output Kind: audio stream

Options:

`--period:val` Smoothing period in samples (default=8)

## Filter Data Types

For two filters to be connected the output of one filter needs to match the input of the next. The following example reads and audio file, parses it to a binary data stream using the `microbee.audioToBytes` filter and then writes it to the file `output.bin`

```
> tapetool2 robotf.wav microbee.audioToBytes output.bin
```

In some cases, `tapetool` can automatically construct an appropriate chain of filters to get the job done. eg:

```
> tapetool2 robotf.wav robotf.tap
```

will automatically use a sequence of filters consisting of:

```
robotf.wav
-> waveReader
-> microbee.audioToBytes
-> microbee.bytesToBlocks
-> microbee.blocksToBytes
-> microbee.tapFileWriter
-> robotf.tap
```

## Qualified Filter Names

Some filters are qualified with a `microbee.`, `trs80.`, `sorcerer` or `kanasa` prefix indicating the filter is specific to that platform. To save having to type the prefix on every filter you can use the platform name switch at the start of the command. eg:

```
> tapetool2 --microbee robotf.wav audioToBytes bytesToBlocks blocksToBytes
robotf.tap
```

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tapetool2 supports a special audio file format called Single Bit Audio (aka .sba files). This format is a compact audio representation for tape audio data and is the tape file format used by [FPGABee](#).

The file format consists of a 16-byte header in little endian format:

```
#define SBA_SIGNATURE 0x53425054 // TPBS aka "TaPe Bit Stream"

struct SINGLEBITAUDIOHEADER
{
    uint32_t signature;
    uint32_t sampleRate;
    uint32_t totalSamples;
    uint32_t reserved;
}
```

...followed by the audio data with 8 single bit samples packed into each byte. The samples are ordered from least significant bit to most significant bit. ie: bit 0 plays first.

Single bit audio files are single channel (ie: mono) only and typically have a sample rate of 22050Hz which is enough for 1200baud data.

## Stereo Audio Files

Most filters in tapetool2 only work with mono signals and if fed a multi-channel signal will use the first channel (ie: left channel) and will ignore the other channels.

There are however filters that can be used to pick out a specific channel, or to multi-cast one channel on two many.

See the filters: `channelMultiCast`, `selectChannel`.

## Examples

These examples have been split over multiple lines to clarify each filter. Normally you'd type all this on one line.

Converting a .wav file to a .tap file:

```
> tapetool2
    robotf.wav
    robotf.tap
```

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```
> tapetool2
  robotf.wav
  bandpass
  robotf_filters.wav
```

Converting a .wav file to a .tap file with a 2.8Khz lowpass pass filter of on the input audio

```
> tapetool2
  robotf.wav
  lowpass --freq:2800
  robotf.tap
```

Converting a .wav file to a .sba file

```
> tapetool2
  robotf.wav
  robotf.sba
```

Converting a .tap file to a text representation

```
> tapetool2
  robotf.tap
  robotf.blocks.txt
```

Packing unchunked binary data and converting to a wav file.

```
> tapetool2 --microbee
  mygame.bin
  packData
  setHeader --autoStart:255
  blocksToBytes
  mygame.wav
```

Packing unchunked binary data and converting to a wav file with load address options:

```
> tapetool2 --microbee
  mygame.bin
```

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```
filename:"MYGAME"
  blocksToBytes
  mygame.wav
```

Packing unchunked binary data from a file with non-".bin" file extension:

```
> tapetool2 --microbee
  binReader --filename:mygame.rom
  packData
  setHeader --autoStart:255
  blocksToBytes
  mygame.wav
```

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## Current List of Supported Filters

Here's the current output from tapetool2 --help.

```
tapetool2 v1.2.1200 - Microbee/TRS-80/Sorcerer Tape Diagnostic Utility
Copyright (C) 2017-2018 Topten Software.
```

```
Usage: tapetool2 [filters...]
```

### Supported Filters:

analyse	Analyses an audio stream for tape related characteristics
audioToCycleLengths	Generates audio cycle lengths from an audio stream
bandPass	Applies a band-pass filter to an audio stream
binReader	Binary file reader (*.bin reader)
binWriter	Binary file writer (*.bin writer)
changeRate	Changes the sample rate of an audio stream without resampling it
channelMultiCast	Multicasts a single audio channel to multiple identical channels
cycleLengthsToCycleKinds	Generates cycle-kinds from cycle-lengths
dcOffset	Adjusts the DC offset of an audio stream
gain	Adjusts the volume level of an audio stream
highPass	Applies a high-pass filter to an audio stream
kansas.audioToBytes	Parses an Kansas City tape audio stream into a



audio stream

kansas.audioToHalfCycleKinds

Generates Kansas City audio half-cycles from an

audio stream

kansas.bitsToBytes

Decodes a Kansas City bit stream into byte

stream

kansas.bitsToCycleKinds

Generates Kansas City cycle kinds from a bit

stream

kansas.bitsToHalfCycleKinds

Generates Kansas City half-cycle kinds from a

bit stream

kansas.bytesToBits

Encodes a byte stream into Kansas City bit

stream

kansas.cycleKindsToAudio

Generates Kansas City audio cycles from a cycle

kind stream

kansas.cycleKindsToBits

Parses Kansas City cycle kinds into a bit

stream

kansas.halfCycleKindsToAudio

Generates Kansas City audio from a half-cycle

kind stream

lowPass

Applies a low-pass filter to an audio stream

microbee.audioToBytes

Parses an Microbee tape audio stream into a

bytes

microbee.audioToCycleKinds

Generates Microbee audio cycles from an audio

stream

microbee.audioToHalfCycleKinds

Generates Microbee audio half-cycles from an

audio stream

microbee.bitsToBytes

Decodes a Microbee bit stream into byte stream

microbee.bitsToCycleKinds

Generates Microbee cycle kinds from a bit

stream

microbee.blocksToBytes

Encodes a Microbee block stream into bytes

microbee.bytesToBits

Encodes a byte stream into Microbee bit stream

microbee.bytesToBlocks

Decodes a Microbee byte stream into blocks

microbee.bytesToTap

Encodes a byte stream into a Microbee tap

stream

microbee.cycleKindsToAudio

Generates Microbee audio cycles from a cycle

kind stream

microbee.cycleKindsToBits

Parses Microbee cycle kinds into a bit stream

microbee.halfCycleKindsToAudio

Generates Microbee audio from a half-`cycle

kind stream

microbee.packData

Packs binary data into Microbee block format

microbee.parseAudio

Parses a Microbee audio stream into block

stream

microbee.renderAudio

Parses a Microbee block stream into an audio

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<code>microbee.tapFileReader</code>	Microbee tape file reader (*.tap reader)
<code>microbee.tapFileWriter</code>	Mirobee tape file writer (*.tap writer)
<code>microbee.tapToBytes</code>	Decodes a Microbee tap byte stream
<code>microbee.textBlockStreamReader</code>	Text block-stream file reader (*.blocks.txt reader)
<code>microbee.textBlockStreamWriter</code>	Text block-stream file writer (*.blocks.txt writer)
<code>microbee.unpackData</code>	Unpacks binary data from Microbee block format
<code>mono</code>	Mixes a multi-channel audio stream to mono
<code>resample</code>	Resamples an audio stream to a new sample rate
<code>selectChannel</code>	Selects one channel from a multi-channel audio stream
<code>singleBitAudioReader</code>	Single bit audio file reader (*.sba reader)
<code>singleBitAudioWriter</code>	Single bit audio file writer (*.sba writer)
<code>smooth</code>	Smooths audio using a moving average
<code>sorcerer.audioToBytes</code>	Parses an Exidy Sorcerer tape audio stream into a bytes
<code>sorcerer.audioToHalfCycleKinds</code>	Generates Exidy Sorcerer audio half-cycles from an audio stream
<code>sorcerer.bitsToBytes</code>	Decodes a Exidy Sorcerer bit stream into byte stream
<code>sorcerer.bitsToHalfCycleKinds</code>	Generates Kansas City half-cycle kinds from a bit stream
<code>sorcerer.blocksToBytes</code>	Encodes a Exidy Sorcerer block stream into bytes
<code>sorcerer.bytesToBits</code>	Encodes a byte stream into Exidy Sorcerer bit stream
<code>sorcerer.bytesToBlocks</code>	Decodes a Exidy Sorcerer byte stream into blocks
<code>sorcerer.bytesToTap</code>	Encodes a byte stream into a Exidy Sorcerer tap stream
<code>sorcerer.halfCycleKindsToAudio</code>	Generates Exidy Sorcerer audio from a half-cycle kind stream
<code>sorcerer.packData</code>	Packs binary data into Exidy Sorcerer block format
<code>sorcerer.parseAudio</code>	Parses a Exidy Sorcerer audio stream into block stream
<code>sorcerer.renderAudio</code>	Parses a Exidy Sorcerer block stream into an audio stream
<code>sorcerer.setHeader</code>	Updates the header in a Exidy Sorcerer block stream

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sorcerer.textBlockStreamWriter	Text block-stream file writer (*.blocks.txt writer)
sorcerer.unpackData	Unpacks binary data from Exidy Sorcerer block format
textBitStreamReader	Text bit-stream file reader (*.bits.txt reader)
textBitStreamWriter	Text bit-stream file writer (*.bits.txt writer)
textByteStreamReader	Text byte-stream file reader (*.bytes.txt reader)
textByteStreamWriter	Text byte-stream file writer (*.bytes.txt writer)
textCycleKindReader	Text cycle-kind file reader (*.cycles.txt reader)
textCycleKindWriter	Text cycle-kind file writer (*.cycles.txt writer)
textCycleLengthReader	Text cycle-length file reader (*.cyclelen.txt reader)
textCycleLengthWriter	Text cycle-length file writer (*.cyclelen.txt writer)
textHalfCycleKindReader	Text half-cycle-kind file reader (*.halfcycles.txt reader)
textHalfCycleKindWriter	Text half-cycle-kind file writer (*.halfcycles.txt writer)
trs80.bitsToBytes	Decodes a TRS-80 bit stream into byte stream
trs80.bitsToCycleKinds	Generates TRS-80 cycle kinds from a bit stream
trs80.blocksToBytes	Encodes a TRS-80 block stream into bytes
trs80.bytesToBits	Encodes a byte stream into TRS-80 bit stream
trs80.bytesToBlocks	Decodes a TRS-80 byte stream into blocks
trs80.cycleKindsToAudio	Generates TRS-80 audio from a cycle kind stream
trs80.cycleKindsToBits	Converts TRS80 cycle kinds into a bit stream
trs80.parseAudio	Parses a TRS-80 audio stream into block stream
trs80.renderAudio	Parses a TRS-80 block stream into an audio stream
stream	
trs80.textBlockStreamReader	Text block-stream file reader (*.blocks.txt reader)
trs80.textBlockStreamWriter	Text block-stream file writer (*.blocks.txt writer)
waveReader	Wave file reader (*.wav reader)
waveWriter	Wave file writer (*.wav writer)

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**Options:**

-h | --help Show these usage instructions, or use after



--kansas  
--microbee  
--sorcerer  
--trs80

Use filters 'kansas.\*'  
Use filters 'microbee.\*'  
Use filters 'sorcerer.\*'  
Use filters 'trs80.\*'

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